## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

W.A.O., et al., on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

v.

UR M. JADDOU, et al.

Defendants.

Civil Action No. 2:19-cv-11696-MCA-MAH

[PRODUCED] FINAL APPROVAL AND ORDER

and having considered The joint motion for final approval of the shoulation of selflement and dismissal (D.E. 126); and having hold a heaving on April 20, 2022; and for The heaving on April 20, 2022; and for the and matter of the contraction to the Climater of the second self-orth

Having approved the Parties' proposed form and methods of notice to the Class of and having held a hearing pursuant to F.R.C.P. 23(e)(2); the Court determines that Appearent of January 4, 2022 merits final approval.

In support of this conclusion, the Court finds as follows:

- A. Class Representatives W.A.O., H.H.M.C., N.L.J., and K.M.R.L. adequately represented the Class, as defined in the Court's September 17, 2019, Order (ECF No. 29) certifying the Class pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(2).
  - B. Class Counsel at Lowenstein Sandler adequately represented the Class.
  - C. The Parties negotiated the Settlement Agreement at arm's length.
- D. The relief provided to the Class is adequate. In particular, the Settlement Agreement provides that:

- i. Class Members will not be disqualified from classification as Special Immigrant Juveniles on the basis of the policy challenged in this litigation;
- ii. As of December 6, 2021, the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) had granted the Special Immigrant Juvenile (SIJ) petitions of 715 Potential Class Members (as defined in the Settlement Agreement);
- iii. Class Counsel had a fair opportunity to review relevant materials filed with the SIJ petitions of Potential Class Members whose petitions were not approved; any objections have been resolved; the Parties agree that none of the final denials conflicted with the Court's July 3, 2019 Preliminary Injunction Order (ECF No. 20) or any other order of this Court; and the Parties agree that USCIS has adjudicated the SIJ petitions of all known Potential Class Members without relying on the policy challenged in this litigation;
- iv. Previously Unidentified Class Members (as defined in the Settlement Agreement) will have the ability to identify themselves and seek assistance within six months of the posting of the Notice of Proposed Settlement, which was completed on February 28, 2022;
- v. For Class Members who identify themselves as such and are still in removal proceedings, Defendants have agreed to join, or not oppose, certain

motions the Class Member may make, unless Defendants decline this relief in accordance with exceptions in the Settlement Agreement;

- vi. For Class Members who face removal, Defendants have agreed to provide notice to Class Counsel and to facilitate communication between Class Counsel and the Class Member (as specifically set forth in Section III of the Settlement Agreement);
- vii. The Settlement Agreement thus takes the circumstances of all Class Members into account and treats them equitably relative to one another;
- viii. The Parties have agreed to a reasonable settlement in the amount of \$505,000 for attorney's fees and costs, with the attorney's fees payable within 60 days of the entry of this order; and
- ix. The terms of the Settlement Agreement are therefore fair, reasonable, and adequate in light of the costs, risks, and delay of trial and appeal.

Having determined the above, the Court hereby GRANTS the Parties' Joint Motion for Final Approval of the Settlement Agreement, and orders the following:

- 1. The Settlement Agreement is approved as fair, reasonable, adequate, in the best interest of the Class Members, and binding on all Class Members, and its terms shall be effectuated as set forth in the Settlement Agreement;
  - 2. Objections to the Settlement Agreement, if any, are overruled;

3. The case is dismissed with prejudice as to all Settled Claims, as defined

in the Settlement Agreement; and

4. The Court retains jurisdiction to enforce the Settlement Agreement for

the purpose of enforcing any of its provisions and terms, until the Settlement

Agreement terminates. The Settlement Agreement and the Court's exclusive

jurisdiction to enforce the Settlement Agreement shall both terminate automatically

eighteen months following the completion of the posting of the Notice of Proposed

Settlement on February 28, 2022. The Court may extend its jurisdiction in response

to a motion filed by the Plaintiffs alleging a breach of the Settlement Agreement, if

such a motion is filed before the termination date.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATE:

MICHAEL A. HAMMER

United States Magistrate Judge